

**Amendments to the Claims**

Please amend claims 1 and 5 so that the current status of all claims is as follows:

1. (currently amended) A coherent light source comprising:  
a source emitting a first light having a first wavelength; and  
a wavelength converting device for receiving the first light and converting the wavelength of a part of the first light by half,  
the wavelength converting device converting the part of the first light into a second light having a second wavelength,  
wherein the wavelength of the first light which passes through the wavelength converting device is detected and controlled to a desired wavelength, so that the wavelength of the second light is controlled to a specific wavelength.
2. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 1, wherein the first light is emitted from a semiconductor laser having a wavelength-variable function.
3. (original) The coherent light source according to claim 2, wherein the semiconductor laser comprises an active region, a phase control region and a distributed Bragg reflection (DBR) region.
4. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 3, wherein the desired wavelength is within a phase-matching wavelength tolerance of the wavelength converting device, and a variation in wavelength of the first light with a change in operating current thereof is compensated by changing current to be input to the phase control region or the DBR region.

5. (currently amended) A coherent light source comprising:  
a source emitting a first light having a first wavelength; and  
a wavelength converting device for receiving the first light and converting the wavelength of a part of the first light by half,

the wavelength converting device converting the part of the first light into a second light having a second wavelength,

wherein a first mechanism that detects the wavelength of the first light which passes through the wavelength converting device and controls it to a desired wavelength and a second mechanism that controls a phase-matching wavelength of the wavelength converting device to the wavelength of the first light are provided to control the wavelength and output of the second light to a specific wavelength.

6. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 1, wherein the wavelength of the first light that has passed through the wavelength converting device is detected so as to be controlled to the desired wavelength.

7. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 1, wherein a means for separating the first light and the second light and detecting only the first light is provided on an optical path through which light generated by wavelength conversion with the wavelength converting device travels.

8. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 1, further comprising:

a diffraction grating; and  
a photo-detector,

wherein the photo-detector detects the first light diffracted by the diffraction grating, and the wavelength of the first light is controlled so that the angle of diffraction of the diffracted light becomes constant.

9. (original) The coherent light source according to claim 8, wherein the wavelength converting device has an optical waveguide, and the diffraction grating is formed on the optical waveguide.

10. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 8, wherein the photo-detector detects a position of the first light diffracted by the diffraction grating.

11. (original) The coherent light source according to claim 8, wherein the diffraction grating is formed as a chirped grating whose grating pitch is changed depending on location.

12. (original) The coherent light source according to claim 9, wherein the photo-detector is provided on one side of a substrate on which the optical waveguide is formed.

13. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 1, further comprising:

- a cesium (Cs) gas cell; and
- a photo-detector,

wherein the photo-detector detects the first light that has passed through the Cs gas cell, and the wavelength of the first light is controlled so as to minimize the intensity of the first light passing through the Cs gas cell.

14. (original) The coherent light source according to claim 5, wherein the phase-matching wavelength of the wavelength converting device is varied by changing a refractive index of the wavelength converting device with electrooptic effect or temperature change.

15. (previously presented) A recording/reproducing apparatus comprising:  
the coherent light source according to claim 1,  
wherein the coherent light source is adjusted to have an optimum wavelength that meets the Bragg conditions in reproducing hologram information recorded on a medium.

16. (previously presented) A recording/reproducing apparatus comprising:  
the coherent light source according to claim 1 and  
an optical system for focusing light emitted from the coherent light source on an information medium.
17. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 5, wherein the wavelength of the fundamental light that has passed through the wavelength converting device is detected so as to be controlled to the desired wavelength.
18. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 5, wherein a means for separating the fundamental light and the harmonic light and detecting only the fundamental light is provided on an optical path through which light generated by wavelength conversion with the wavelength converting device travels.
19. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 5, further comprising:  
a diffraction grating; and  
a photo-detector,  
wherein the photo-detector detects the fundamental light diffracted by the diffraction grating.
20. (previously presented) The coherent light source according to claim 5, further comprising:  
a cesium (Cs) gas cell; and  
a photo-detector,  
wherein the photo-detector detects the first light that has passed through the Cs gas cell.

21. (previously presented) A recording/reproducing apparatus comprising:  
the coherent light source according to claim 5,  
wherein the coherent light source is adjusted to have an optimum wavelength that  
meets the Bragg conditions in reproducing hologram information recorded on a medium.
  
22. (previously presented) A recording/reproducing apparatus comprising:  
the coherent light source according to claim 5 and  
an optical system for focusing light emitted from the coherent light source on an information  
medium.